

2.6 Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

Parallel Lines:

they have the same
slope

NEVER EVER CROSS

Write a parallel equation:

$$\begin{array}{c} (12, 5) \\ x_1 \quad y_1 \end{array} \quad y = \boxed{\frac{2}{3}}x - 1$$

m

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 5 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 12)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} y - 5 = \frac{2}{3}x - 8 \\ +5 \qquad \qquad \qquad +5 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{2}{3}x - 3}$$

1. A line passes through $(-3, -1)$ and is parallel to the graph of $y = 2x + 3$.
What equation represents the line in slope-intercept form?

$$\begin{matrix} (-3, -1) \\ x \quad y \end{matrix}$$

$$y = 2x + 3$$

$$m = 2$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y + 1 = 2(x + 3)$$

$$y + 1 = 2x + b$$

$$\begin{array}{c} -1 \qquad -1 \\ \hline y = 2x + 5 \end{array}$$

A. $(1, 3); y = 3x + 2$

$$m=3$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 3 = 3(x - 1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y - 3 = 3x - 3 \\ +3 \qquad \qquad +3 \end{array}$$

$$y = 3x$$